

Follow the attached procedures before INSTALLATION!



Need help? Call (888) 541-7223

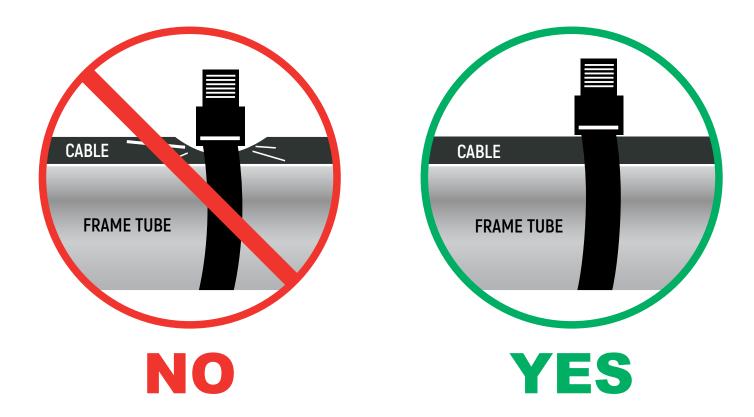


DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN ZIP TIES

TECH BULLETIN: ZIP.1.0

Overtightening will DAMAGE intercom and PTT cables and cause a loss of performance.

- Do not distort cables
- Do not crush cables



If any visible damage is found, replace the cable immediately.

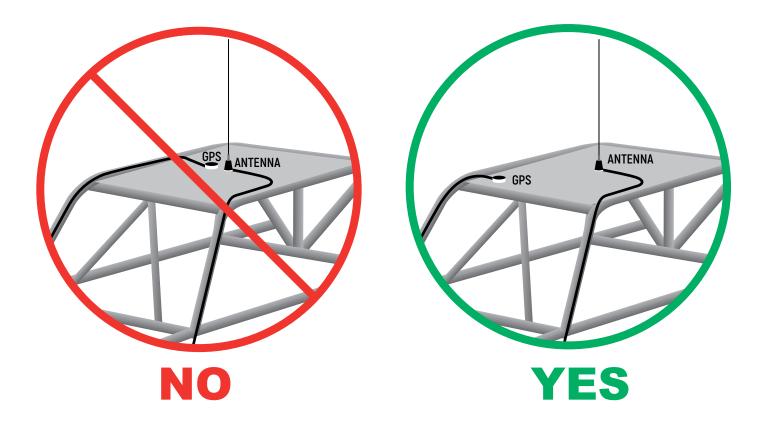
TECH BULLETIN: AML.1.0

Ideal placement for maximum radio range:

- as high as possible
- in the center of a metal roof

Obstructions block your signal!

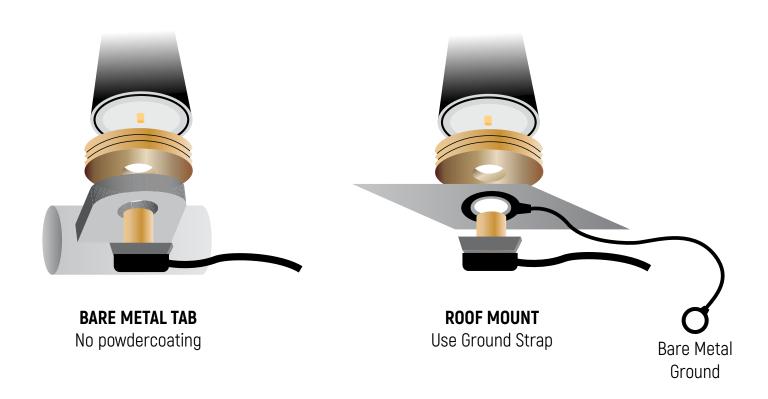
- · light bars
- · racks
- air scoops
- · etc.
- · GPS antennas



TECH BULLETIN: AMG.1.0

Poor grounding decreases radio range and causes interference.

- Ensure antenna mounting surface is:
 - bare metal (no powder coating or paint)
 - · corrosion free
- If mounting to a roof panel, a ground strap (P.N. GS-KIT) should be added from the metal roof to the chassis of the vehicle

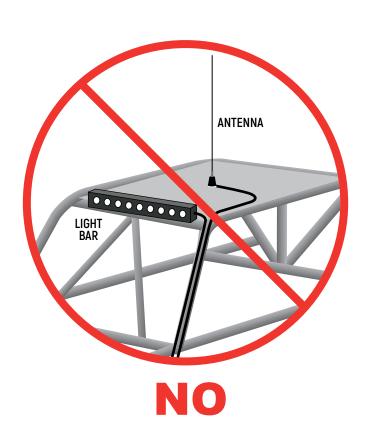


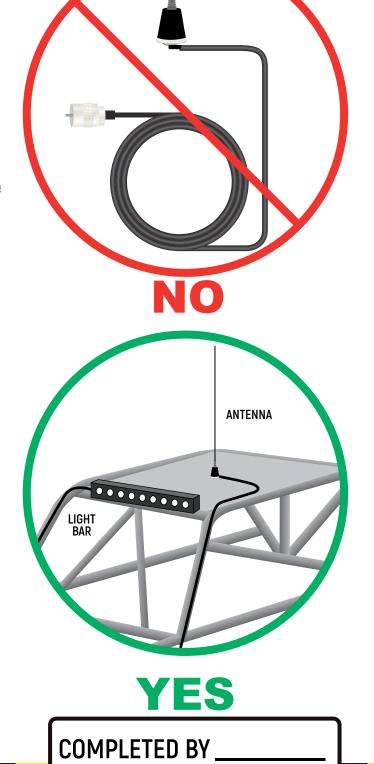
ANTENNA CABLE ROUTING

TECH BULLETIN: ACR.1.0

Route antenna cable independently.

- keep away from:
 - power cablesignition cables / coils
 - ground cables engine electronics
 - ·intercom cables ·all other cables
- never coil or bundle excess antenna cable
 If cable is too long, have it shortened by a
 qualified technician or route it so excess
 length is used up.







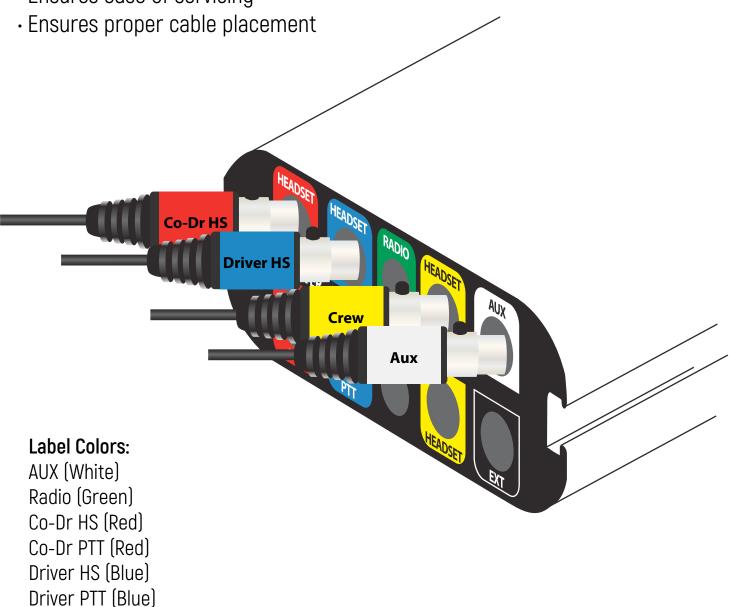
TECH BULLETIN: TAG.1.0

Label all cable connections with label kit P.N. TAG-KIT-ICM

· Color coded labels

Crew (Yellow)
Crew (Yellow)

· Ensures ease of servicing

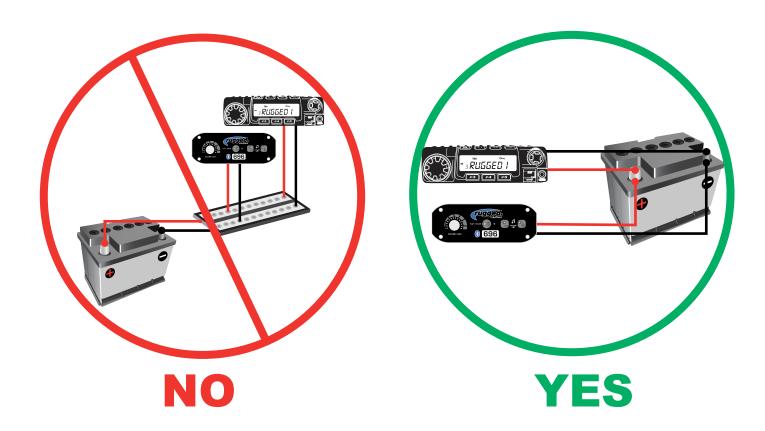


WIRE DIRECT TO BATTERY

TECH BULLETIN: WTB.1.0

Radio and intercom power MUST be connected direct to battery.

Do NOT connect intercom or radio power to fuse box or bus bar.

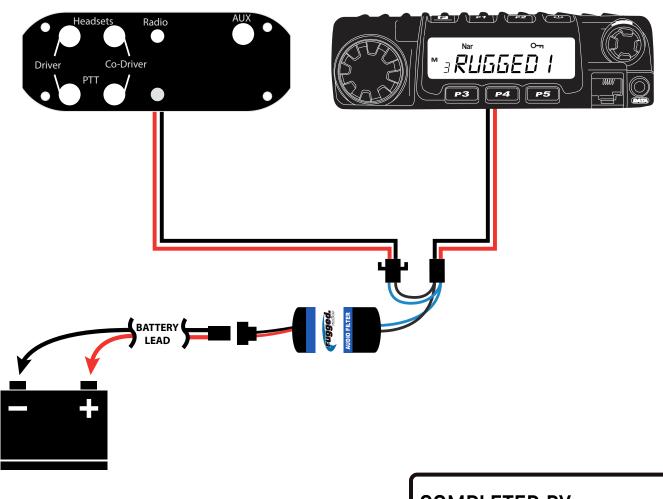


TECH BULLETIN: GRD.1.0

Power AND ground should be wired directly to the battery.

- Do **NOT** ground to chassis
- Do **NOT** connect positive to battery switch

Install an AUDIO-FILTER on all race vehicles (P.N. AUDIO-FILTER). This will provide filtered power to your radio and intercom.



CABLE SEPARATION

TECH BULLETIN: CBL.1.0

Run coax, power, and intercom cables separate from each other and not touching

Failure to separate cables can cause audio interference in intercom and radio.

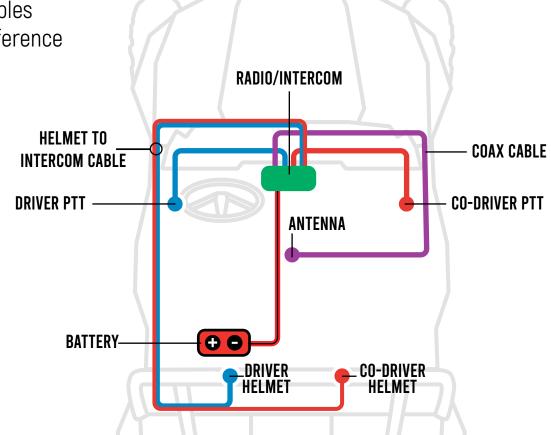


Diagram is a reference. Your layout may vary.

- Route all cables so they are not pinched between panels, smashed, kinked, etc.. Do not overtighten zip ties.
- ANY physical damage can cause interference, noise, intermittent functionality. If any visible damage is found, replace the cable immediately.

PTT/HEADSET CONNECTIONS

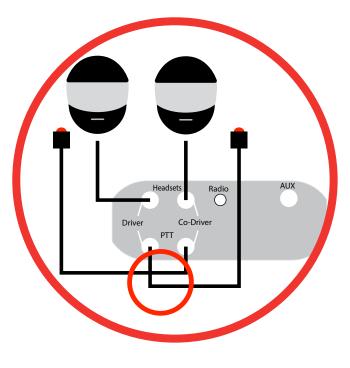
TECH BULLETIN: CONN.1.1

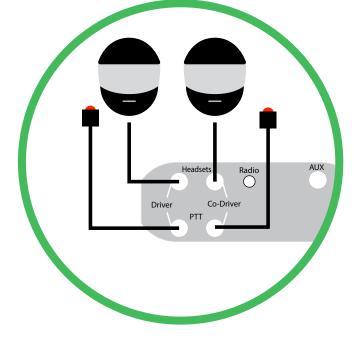
Helmet and Push-to-Talk connections are seat specific.

Driver and co-driver ports are specifically indicated on intercom.

- Driver PTT will only open driver's mic.
- Co-Driver PTT will only open co-driver's mic.

Failure to connect properly will cause no voice during radio transmit.





NO

YES

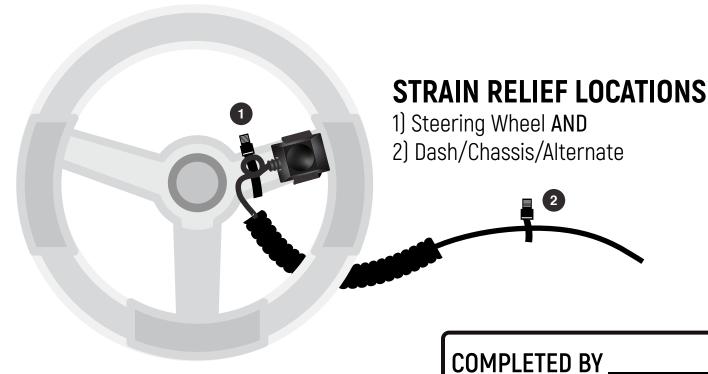
STRAIN RELIEF PTT

TECH BULLETIN: PTT.1.0

PTT cables must be strain-relieved (especially if steering wheel-mounted) with zip-ties so they are not pulled apart.

- Run a zip tie through the coil and around the steering wheel spoke and tighten firmly.
- Verify a snug installation by tugging on the loop and verify that the PTT housing does not move.
- Provide slack to allow the coil cords enough stretch so it won't bind when turning the the steering wheel.



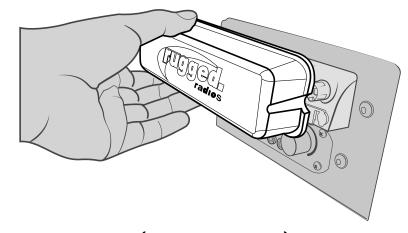




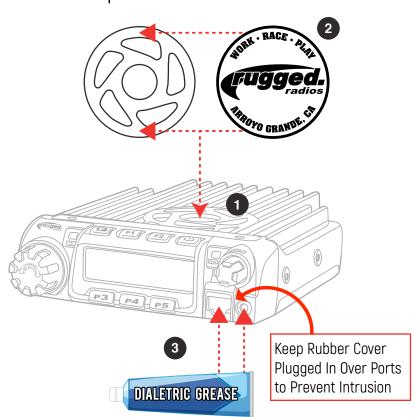
TECH BULLETIN: RWP.1.1

Mount radio in a location protected from water and moisture

· Always use a Radio Cover (P.N. RCM)



- For wet conditions, cover speaker with Speaker Shield (P.N. SPK-SHIELD) and apply dielectric grease to hand mic and data port.
- Clean speaker grill with rubbing alcohol.
- Cover radio speaker with Speaker Shield decal
- Fill mic and data ports with dielectric grease, then insert dust cap





INTERCOM WEATHER PROTECTION

IWP1.1 TECH BULLETIN:

Mount intercom in a location so rear connections are protected from water and moisture

· Use neoprene Baja Boot (P.N. BAJA-BOOT) in wet conditions to protect connections.



Use dialectric grease in radio and intercom ports.

· Diaelctric grease seals out moisture to ensure good communication contacts.



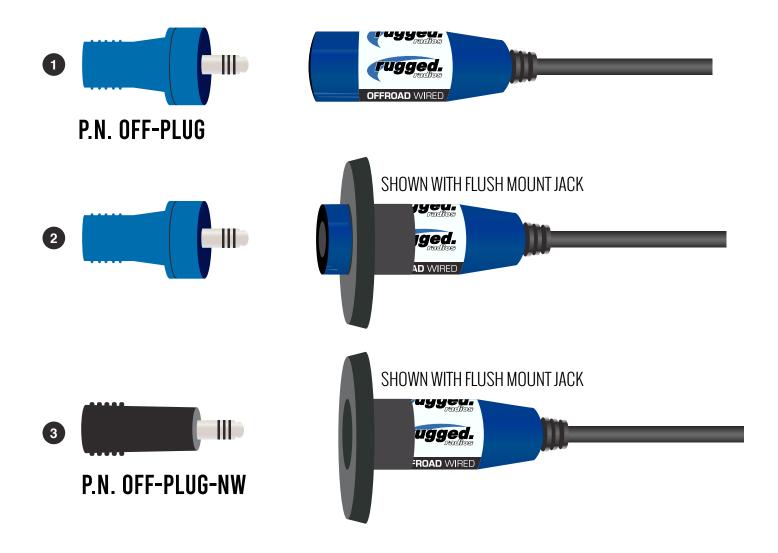
COMPLETED BY

CABLE PROTECTION

TECH BULLETIN: PLUG.1.0

NOTE: Moisture in connections can cause squealing and buzzing.

Use OFF PLUGS when cables are not in use to seal and protect connections against water intrusion.



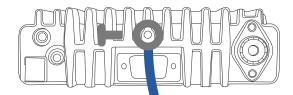
GROUNDING INTERCOM/RADIO

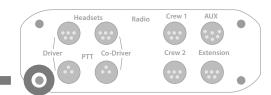
TECH BULLETIN: GR.1.0

If radio and intercom are mounted in plastic, use P.N. GS-KIT to ground the intercom and radio to chassis.

Rear View RM-60 RADIO







BOLT TO CHASSIS



Use an existing bolt location on the bare metal chassis of your vehicle.

SERVICE ACCESS

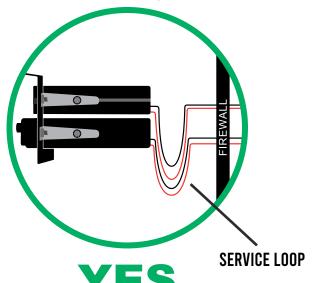
TECH BULLETIN: SVC.1.0

Both radio and intercom should be mounted so all cables and connections can be easily accessed for servicing.

• Cables should be long enough so the radio and intercom can be pulled away from their mounting locations without disconnecting (AKA: Service Loop).



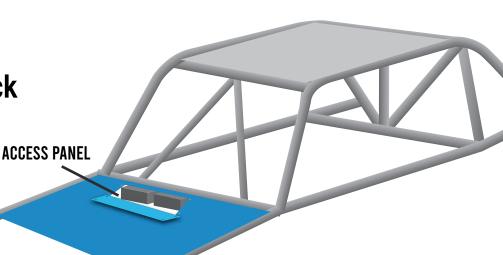
CABLES ARE DRAWN TIGHT AND THERE'S NO CABLE SLACK TO ALLOW SERVICING.



ALL CABLES HAVE SUFFICIENT SLACK TO ALLOW SERVICING.

Ensure access to back of radio/intercom

- · Access panel
- · Room under dash



TECH BULLETIN: LOCK.1.0

Radio should be locked at all times.

- To lock/unlock, press and hold **P5** until keylock icon appears.
- · Only unlock to change channel or settings.
- · Do this to prevent accidental changes.
- · Volume can still be set in locked setting.





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SAVE THIS GUIDE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE



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